EXHIBIT A

WHISPERING PINES CONDOMINIUM BY-LAWS

ARTICLE I

ASSOCIATION OF CO-OWNERS

Whispering Pines Condominium, a residential condominium project located in the Township of Hamburg, Livingston County, Michigan, shall be administered by an association of co-owners which shall be a non-profit corporation, hereinafter called the "Association", organized under the applicable laws of the State of Michigan, and responsible for the management, maintenance, operation and administration of the common elements, easements and affairs of the condominium project in accordance with the Condominium documents and the laws of the State of Michigan. These By-Laws shall constitute both the By-Laws referred to in the Master Deed and required by Section 3(8) of the Act and the By-Laws provided for under the Michigan Non Profit Corporation Act. Each co-owner shall be entitled to membership, and no other person or entity shall be entitled to membership. The share of a co-owner in the funds and assets of the Association cannot be assigned, pledged or transferred in any manner except as an appurtenance to his unit. The Association shall keep current copies of the Master Deed, all amendments to the Master Deed and other Condominium documents for the condominium project available at reasonable hours to co-owners, prospective purchasers and prospective mortgagees of units in the condominium project. All co-owners in the condominium project and all persons using or entering upon or acquiring any interest in any unit therein or the common elements thereof shall be subject to the provisions and terms set forth in the aforesaid Condominium documents.

ARTICLE II

ASSESSMENTS

All expenses arising from the management, administration and operation of the Association in pursuance of its authorizations and responsibilities as set forth in the Condominium documents and the Act shall be levied by the Association against the units and the co-owners thereof in accordance with the following provisions:

- Section 1. Assessments for Common Elements. All costs incurred by the Association in satisfaction of any liability arising within, caused by, or connected with the common elements or the administration of the condominium project shall constitute expenditures affecting the administration of the project, and all sums received as the proceeds of or pursuant to any policy of insurance securing the interest of the co-owners against liabilities or losses arising within, caused by, or connected with the common elements or the administration of the condominium project shall constitute receipts affecting the administration of the condominium project within the meaning of Section 54 (4) of the Act.
- Section 2. <u>Determination of Assessments</u>. Assessments shall be determined in accordance with the following provisions:
 - (a) Budget. The Board of Directors of the Association shall establish an annual budget in advance for each fiscal year, and such budget shall project all expenses for the forthcoming year which may be required for the proper operation, management and maintenance of the condominium project, including a reasonable allowance for contingencies and reserves. An adequate reserve fund for maintenance, repairs and replacement of those common elements that must be replaced on a periodic basis shall be established in the budget and must be funded by regular monthly payments as set forth in Section 3 below rather than by special assessments. At a minimum, the reserve fund shall be equal to ten percent (10%) of the Association's current annual budget on a noncumulative basis. Since the minimum standard required by this subparagraph may prove to be inadequate for this particular project, the Board of Directors should carefully analyze the condominium project to determine if a greater amount should be set aside or if additional reserve funds should be established for other purposes from time to time and, in the event of such a determination, the Board of Directors shall be empowered to establish such greater or other reserves without co-owner approval.

ARTICLE II

ASSESSMENTS (continued)

Upon adoption of an annual budget by the Board of Directors, copies of the budget shall be delivered to each co-owner and the assessment for said year shall be established based upon said budget, although the failure to deliver a copy of the budget to each co-owner shall not affect or in any way diminish the liability of any co-owner for any existing or future assessments. Board of Directors at any time decide, in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors: (1) that the assessments levied are or may prove to be insufficient to pay the costs of operation and management of the Condominium; (2) to prove replacements of existing common elements; (3) to provide additions to the common elements not exceeding \$2,000 annually for the entire condominium project (adjusted for increases in the Consumers Price Index used by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Vital Statistics, Metropolitan Detroit area, since the date of recording of the initial Master Deed); or (4) that an emergency exists, then the Board of Directors shall have the authority to increase the general assessment or to levy such additional assessment or assessments as it shall deem to be necessary. The Board of Directors also shall have the authority, without co-owner consent, to levy assessments pursuant to the provisions of Article V, Section 3 hereof. The discretionary authority of the Board of Directors to levy assessments pursuant to this subparagraph shall rest solely with the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Association and the members thereof, and shall not be enforceable by any creditors of the Association or of the members thereof.

Special Assessments. Special assessments, in addition to those required in subparagraph (a) above, may be made by the Board of Directors from time to time and approved by the co-owners as hereinafter provided to meet other requirements of the Association, including, but not limited to: (1) assessments for additions to the common elements of a cost exceeding \$2,000 per year for the entire condominium project (adjusted for increases in the Consumer Price Index used by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Vital Statistics, Metropolitan Detroit area, since the date of recording of the initial Master Deed); (2) assessments to purchase a unit upon foreclosure of the lien for assessments described in Section 5 hereof; or (3) assessments for any other appropriate purpose not elsewhere herein described. Special assessments referred to in this subparagraph (b) (but not including those assessments referred to in subparagraph (a) above, which shall be levied in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors) shall not be levied without the prior approval of more than sixty percent (60%) of all co-owners. authority to levy assessments pursuant to this subparagraph is solely for the benefit of the Association and the members thereof, and shall not be enforceable by any creditors of the Association or of the members thereof.

Section 3. Apportionment of Assessments and Penalty for Default. Unless otherwise provided herein or in the Master Deed, all assessments levied against the co-owners to cover expenses of administration shall be apportioned among and paid by the co-owners in accordance with the percentage of value allocated to each unit in paragraph FIFTH of the Master Deed, without increase or decrease for the existence of any rights to use of limited common elements appurtenant to a unit. Annual assessments as determined in accordance with Article II, Section 2(a) above shall be payable by co-owners in twelve (12) equal monthly installments, commencing with acceptance of a deed to or a land contract vendee's interest in a unit, or with the acquisition of fee simple title to a unit by any other means. The payment of an assessment shall be in default if such assessment, or any part thereof, is not paid to the Association in full on or before the due date for such payment.

Each installment in default for ten (10) or more days shall bear interest from the initial due date thereof at the rate of seven percent (7%) per annum, plus such additional interest rate surcharge as the Board of Directors shall approve, until each installment is paid in full. Provided, however, that the interest rate and interest rate surcharge combined applying to delinquent amounts shall not exceed the limit set by usury laws in the State of Michigan. The Association may, pursuant to Article XIX, Section 4 hereof, levy fines for late payment of assessments in addition to such interest. Each co-owner (whether one (1) or more persons) shall be, and remain, personally liable for the payment of all assessments pertinent to his unit which may be levied while such co-owner is the owner thereof. Payments on account of installments of assessments in default shall be applied as follows: First, to cost of collection and enforcement of payment, including actual attorney's fees (not limited to statutory fees); second, to any interest charges and fines for late payment on such installments; third, to installments in default in order of their due dates.

ARTICLE II

ASSESSMENTS (continued)

Section 4. <u>Waiver of Use or Abandonment of Unit</u>. No co-owner may exempt himself from liability for his contribution toward the expenses of administration by waiver of the use or enjoyment of any of the common elements or by the abandonment of his unit.

Section 5. Enforcement.

- In addition to any other remedies available to the Remedies. (a) Association, the Association may enforce collection of delinquent assessment by a suit at law for a money judgment or by foreclosure of the statutory lien that secures payment of assessments. In the event of default by any co-owner in the payment of any installment of the annual assessment levied against his unit, the Association shall have the right to declare all unpaid installments of the annual assessment for the pertinent fiscal year immediately due and payable. The Association also may discontinue the furnishing of any utilities or other services to a co-owner in default upon seven (7) days' written notice to such co-owner of its intention to do so. A co-owner in default shall not be entitled to utilize any of the general common elements of the project and shall not be entitled to vote at any meeting of the Association so long as such default continues; provided, however, this provision shall not operate to deprive any co-owner of ingress or egress to and from his unit. In a judicial foreclosure action, a receiver may be appointed to collect a reasonable rental for the unit from the co-owner thereof or any persons claiming under him and, if the unit is not occupied, to leaser the unit and collect and apply the rental therefrom to any delinquency owned to the Association. All of these remedies shall be cumulative and not alternative and shall not preclude the Association from exercising such other remedies as may be available at law or in equity.
- (b) Foreclosure Proceedings. Each co-owner, and every other person who from time to time has any interest in the project, shall be deemed to have granted to the Association the unqualified right to elect to foreclose the lien securing payment of assessments either by judicial action or by advertisement. The provisions of Michigan law pertaining to foreclosure of mortgages by judicial action and by advertisement, as the same may be amended from time to time, are incorporated herein by reference for the purposes of establishing the alternative procedures to be followed in lien foreclosure actions and the rights and obligations of the parties to such actions. Further, each co-owner and every other person who from time to time has any interest in the project shall be deemed to have authorized and empowered the Association to sell or to cause to be sold the unit with respect to which the assessment(s) is or are delinquent and to receive, hold and distribute the proceeds of such sale in accordance with the priorities established by applicable law. Each co-owner of a unit in the project acknowledges that, at the time of acquiring title to such unit, he was notified of the provisions of this subparagraph and that he voluntarily, intelligently and knowingly waived notice of any proceedings brought by the Association to foreclose by advertisement the lien for nonpayment of assessments and a hearing on the same prior to the sale of the subject unit.
- (c) Notice of Action. Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither a judicial foreclosure action nor a suit at law for a money judgement shall be commenced, nor shall any notice of foreclosure by advertisement be published, until the expiration of ten (10) days after mailing, by first class mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the delinquent co-owner(s) at his or their last known address, of a written notice that one or more installments of the annual assessment levied against the pertinent unit is or are delinquent and that the Association may invoke any of its remedies hereunder if the default is not cured within ten (10) days after the date of mailing. Such written notice shall be accompanied by a written affidavit of an authorized representative of the Association that sets forth: (1) the affiant's capacity to make the affidavit; (2) the statutory and other authority for the lien; (3) the amount outstanding (exclusive of interest, costs, attorney's fees, and future assessments); (4) the legal description of the subject unit(s); and (5) the name(s) of the co-owner(s) of record. Such affidavit shall be recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in the county in which the project is located prior to commencement of any foreclosure proceeding, but it need not have been recorded as of the date of mailing as aforesaid.

ASSESSMENTS (continued)

If the delinquency is not cured within ten (10) day period, the Association may take such remedial action as may be available to it hereunder or under Michigan law. In the event the Association elects to foreclose the lien by advertisement, the Association shall so notify the delinquent co-owner and shall inform him that he may request a judicial hearing by bringing suit against the Association.

(d) Expenses of Collection. The expenses incurred in collecting unpaid assessments, including interest, costs, actual attorney's fees (not limited to statutory fees) and advances for taxes or other liens paid by the Association to protect its lien, shall be chargeable to the co-owner in default and shall be secured by the lien on his unit.

Section 6. <u>Liability of Mortgagee</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Condominium documents, the holder of any first mortgage covering any unit in the project which comes into possession of the unit pursuant to the remedies provided in the mortgage or by deed (or assignment) in lieu of foreclosure, or any purchaser at a foreclosure sale, shall take the property free of any claims for unpaid assessments or charges against the mortgaged unit which accrue prior to the time such holder comes into possession of the unit (except for claims for a pro rata share of such assessments or charges resulting from a pro rata reallocation of such assessments or charges to all units, including the mortgaged unit).

Section 7. Developer's Responsibility for Assessments. The Developer of the Condominium, although a member of the Association, shall not be responsible at any time for payment of the monthly Association assessments. The Developer, however, shall at all times pay all expenses of maintaining the units that it owns, including the dwellings and other improvements located thereon, together with a proportionate share of all current expenses of administration actually incurred by the Association from time to time except expenses related to maintenance and use of the units in the project and of the dwellings and other improvements constructed within or appurtenant to the units that are not owned by Developer. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, the Developer's proportionate share of such expenses shall be based upon the ratio of all units owned by the Developer at the time the expense is incurred to the total number of units then in the project. In no event shall Developer be responsible for payment of any assessments for deferred maintenance, reserves for replacement for capital improvements, or other special assessments, except with respect to units owned by it on which a completed residential dwelling is located. Further, the Developer shall in no event be liable for any assessment levied in whole or in part to purchase any unit from the Developer or to finance any litigation or other claim against the Developer, any cost of investigating and preparing such litigation or claim, or similar related costs. A "completed residential dwelling" shall mean a dwelling with respect to which a certificate of occupancy has been issued by the Township of Hamburg.

Section 8. <u>Property Taxes and Special Assessments</u>. All property taxes and special assessments levied by any public taxing authority shall be assessed in accordance with Section 131 of the Act.

Section 9. Personal Property Tax Assessment of Association Property. The Association shall be assessed as the person or entity in possession of any tangible personal property of the Condominium owned or possessed in common by the co-owners, and personal property taxes based thereon shall be treated as expenses of administration.

Section 10. <u>Mechanic's Lien</u>. A mechanic's lien otherwise arising under Act No. 497 of the Michigan Public Acts of 1980, as amended, shall be subject to Section 132 of the Act.

Section 11. Statement as to Unpaid Assessments. The purchaser of any unit may request a statement of the Association as to the amount of any unpaid Association assessments thereon, whether regular or special. Upon written request to the Association, accompanied by a copy of the executed purchase agreement pursuant to which the purchaser holds the right to acquire a unit, the Association shall provide a written statement of such unpaid assessments as may exist or a statement that none exist, which statement shall be binding upon the Association for the period stated therein. Upon the payment of that sum within the period stated, the Association's lien for assessments as to such unit shall be deemed satisfied; provided, however, that the failure of a purchaser to request such statement at least five (5) days prior to the closing of the purchase of such unit shall render any unpaid assessments and the lien securing the same fully enforceable against such purchaser and the unit itself to the extent provided by the Act. Under the Act, unpaid assessments constitute a lien upon the unit and the proceeds of the sale thereof prior to all claims except real property taxes and first mortgages of record.

ARTICLE III

ARBITRATION

Section 1. Scope and Election. Disputes, claims or grievances arising out of or relating to the interpretation or the application of the Condominium documents, or any disputes, claims or grievances arising among or between the co-owners and the Association, upon the election and written consent of the parties to any such disputes, claims or grievances (which consent shall include an agreement of the parties that the judgment of any circuit court of the State of Michigan may be rendered upon any award pursuant to such arbitration) and upon written notice to the Association, shall be submitted to arbitration, and the parties thereto shall accept the arbitrator's decision as final and binding, provided that no question affecting the claim of title of any person to any fee or life estate in real estate is involved. The Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association as amended and in effect from time to time hereafter shall be applicable to any such arbitration.

Section 2. <u>Judicial Relief</u>. In the absence of the election and written consent of the parties pursuant to Section 1 above, no co-owner or the Association shall be precluded from petitioning the court to resolve any such disputes, claims or grievances.

Section 3. <u>Election of Remedies</u>. Such election and written consent by co-owners or the Association to submit any such dispute, claim or grievance to arbitration shall preclude such parties from litigating such dispute, claim or grievance in the courts.

ARTICLE IV

INSURANCE

- Section 1. Extent of Coverage. The Association shall, to the extent appropriate given the nature of the general common elements of the project, carry "all risk" property coverage and liability insurance; fidelity coverage, and workmen's compensation insurance, if applicable, pertinent to the ownership, use and maintenance of the general common elements of the condominium project, and such insurance shall be carried and administered in accordance with the following provisions:
 - (a) <u>Responsibilities of Association</u>. All such insurance shall be purchased by the Association for the benefit of the Association and the co-owners and their mortgagees, as their interests may appear, and provision shall be made for the issuance of certificates of mortgagee endorsements to the mortgagees of co-owners.
 - (b) <u>Insurance of Common Elements</u>. All general common elements of the condominium project shall be insured against fire and other perils covered by a standard extended coverage endorsement, if appropriate, in an amount equal to the maximum insurable replacement value, excluding foundation and excavation costs, as determined annually by the Board of Directors of the Association.
 - (c) <u>Premium Expenses</u>. All premiums for insurance purchased by the Association pursuant to these By-Laws shall be expenses of administration.
 - (d) Proceeds of Insurance Policies. Proceeds of all insurance policies owned by the Association shall be received by the Association, held in a separate account and distributed to the Association and the co-owners and their mortgagees, as their interests may appear; provided, however, whenever repair or reconstruction of the Condominium shall be required as provided in Article V of these By-Laws, the proceeds of any insurance received by the Association as a result of any loss requiring repair or reconstruction shall be applied to such repair or reconstruction and in no event shall hazard insurance proceeds be used for any purpose other than for repair, replacement or reconstruction of the project unless all of the institutional holders of first mortgages on units in the project have given their prior written approval.
 - Section 2. Authority of Association to Settle Insurance Claims. Each coowner, by ownership of a unit in the condominium project, shall be deemed to appoint the Association as his true and lawful attorney-in-fact to act in connection with all matters concerning the maintenance of "all risk" property coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief, liability insurance, fidelity coverage and workmen's compensation insurance, if applicable, pertinent to the condominium project and the common elements appurtenant thereto, and such insurer as may, from time to time, provide such insurance to the condominium project.

ARTICLE IV

INSURANCE (continued)

Without limitation on the generality of the foregoing, the Association as said attorney shall have full power and authority to purchase and maintain such insurance, to collect and remit premiums therefor, to collect proceeds and to distribute the same to the Association, the co-owners and their respective mortgagees, as their interests may appear (subject always to the Condominium documents), to execute releases of liability, and to execute all documents and to do all things on behalf of such co-owner and the Condominium as shall be necessary or convenient to the accomplishment of the foregoing.

Section 3. Responsibility of Co-Owners. Each co-owner shall be obligated and responsible for obtaining "all risk" property coverage and vandalism and malicious mischief insurance with respect to his residential dwelling and all other improvements constructed or to be constructed within the perimeter of his condominium unit and for his personal property located therein or thereon or elsewhere on the condominium project. All such insurance shall be carried by each co-owner in an amount equal to the maximum insurable replacement value, excluding foundation and excavation costs. Each co-owner shall deliver certificates of insurance to the Association from time to time to evidence the continued existence of all insurance required to be maintained by the co-owner hereunder. In the event of the failure of a co-owner to obtain such insurance or to provide evidence thereof to the Association, the Association may obtain such insurance on behalf of such coowner and the premiums therefor shall constitute a lien against the co-owner's unit which may be collected from the co-owner in the same manner that Association assessments may be collected in accordance with Article II hereof. Each co-owner also shall be obligated to obtain insurance coverage for his personal liability for occurrences within the perimeter of his unit or the improvements located thereon, and also for alternative living expenses in the event of fire. The Association shall under no circumstances have any obligation to obtain any of the insurance coverage described in this Section 3 or any liability to any person for failure to do so.

Section 4. <u>Waiver of Right of Subrogation</u>. The Association and all co-owners shall use their best efforts to cause all property and liability insurance carried by the Association or any co-owner to contain appropriate provisions whereby the insurer waives its right of subrogation as to any claims against any co-owner or the Association.

ARTICLE V

RECONSTRUCTION OR REPAIR

- Section 1. Responsibility for Reconstruction or Repair. If any part of the condominium premises shall be damaged, the determination of whether or not it shall be reconstructed or repaired, and the responsibility therefore, shall be as follows:
 - (a) <u>General Common Elements</u>. If the damaged property is a general common element, the damaged property shall be rebuilt or repaired by the Association unless all of the co-owners and all of the institutional holders of mortgages on any unit in the project unanimously agree to the contrary.
 - (b) Unit or Improvements Thereon. If the damaged property is a unit or any improvements thereon, the co-owner of such unit alone shall determine whether to rebuild or repair the damaged property, subject to the rights of any mortgagee or other person or entity having an interest in such property, and such co-owner shall be responsible for any reconstruction or repair that he elects to make. The co-owner shall in any event remove all debris and restore his unit and the improvements thereon to a clean and sightly condition satisfactory to the Association as soon as reasonably possible following the occurrence of the damage.
- Section 2. Repair in Accordance with Master Deed. Any such reconstruction or repair shall be substantially in accordance with the master Deed unless the co-owners shall unanimously decide otherwise.
- Section 3. Association Responsibility for Repair. Immediately after the occurrence of a casualty causing damage to property for which the Association has the responsibility of maintenance, repair and reconstruction, the Association shall obtain reliable and detailed estimate of the cost to place the damaged property in a condition as good as that existing before the damage. If the proceeds of insurance are not sufficient to defray the estimated cost of reconstruction or repair required to be performed by the Association, or if at any time during such reconstruction or repair, or upon completion of such reconstruction or repair, the funds for the payment of the cost thereof are insufficient, assessment shall be made against all co-owners for the costs of reconstruction or repair of the damaged property in sufficient amounts to provide funds to pay the estimated or actual cost of repair.

ARTICLE V

RECONSTRUCTION OR REPAIR

(continued)

- Section 4. <u>Timely Reconstruction and Repair</u>. If damage to the general common elements adversely affects the appearance of the project, the Association shall proceed with replacement of the damaged property without delay.
- Section 5. Eminent Domain. The following provisions shall control upon any taking by eminent $\overline{\text{domain}}$:
 - (a) Taking of Unit or Improvements Thereon. In the event of any taking of all or any portion of a unit or any improvements thereon by eminent domain the award for such taking shall be paid to the co-owner of such unit and the mortgagee thereof, as their interests may appear, notwithstanding any provision of the Act to the contrary. If a co-owner's entire unit is taken by eminent domain, such co-owner and his mortgagee shall, after acceptance of the condemnation award therefor, be divested of all interest in the condominium project.
 - (b) Taking of General Common Elements. If there is any taking of any portion of the general common elements, the condemnation proceeds relative to such taking shall be paid to the co-owners and their mortgagees in proportion to their respective interest in the common elements, and the affirmative vote of more than fifty percent (50%) of the co-owners in number and in value shall determine whether to rebuild, repair or replace the portion so taken or to take such other action as they deem appropriate.
 - (c) Continuation of Condominium After Taking. In the event the condominium project continues after taking by eminent domain, then the remaining portion of the condominium project shall be re-surveyed and the Master Deed amended accordingly and, if any unit shall have been taken, then paragraph FIFTH of the Master Deed shall also be amended to reflect such taking and to proportionately readjust the percentages of value of the remaining units based upon the continuing value of the Condominium of one hundred percent (100%). Such amendment may be effected by an officer of the Association duly authorized by the Board of Directors without the necessity of execution of specific approval thereof by any co-owner.
 - (d) <u>Notification of Mortgagees</u>. In the event any unit in the Condominium, or any portion thereof, or the common elements or any portion thereof, is made the subject matter of any condemnation or eminent domain proceeding or is otherwise sought to be acquired by a condemning authority, the Association shall so notify each institutional holder of a first mortgage lien on any units in the Condominium.
 - (e) Applicability of the Act. To the extent not inconsistent with the foregoing provisions, Section 133 of the Act shall control upon taking by eminent domain.
- Section 6. <u>Notification of FHLMC</u>. In the event any mortgage in the Condominium is held by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"), then, upon request therefor by FHLMC, the Association shall give it written notice at such address as it may from time to time direct of any loss to or taking of the common elements of the Condominium if the loss or taking exceeds \$10,000 in amount or damage to a condominium unit covered by a mortgage purchased in whole or in part by FHLMC if such damage exceeds \$1,000.
- Section 7. Priority of Mortgagee Interests. Nothing contained in the Condominium documents shall be construed to give a co-owner or any other party priority over any rights of first mortgagees of units pursuant to their mortgages in the case of a distribution to co-owners of insurance proceeds or condemnation awards for losses to or a taking of units and/or common elements.

ARTICLE VI

MORTGAGES

Section 1. Notice to Association. Any co-owner who mortgages his unit shall notify the Association of the name and address of the mortgagee, and the Association shall maintain such information in a book entitled "Mortgages of Units". The Association may, at the written request of a mortgagee of any such unit, report any unpaid assessments due from the co-owner of such unit. The Association shall give to the holder of any first mortgage covering any unit in the project written notification of any default in the performance of the obligations of the co-owner of such unit that is not cured within sixty (60) days.

ARTICLE VI

MORTGAGES

(continued)

- Section 2. <u>Insurance</u>. The Association shall notify each mortgagee appearing in said book of the name of each company insuring the general common elements against fire, perils covered by extended coverage, and against vandalism and malicious mischief and the amount of such coverage to the extent that the Association is obligated by the terms of these By-Laws to obtain such insurance coverage.
- Section 3. <u>Notification of Meetings</u>. Upon request submitted to the Association, any institutional holder of a first mortgage lien on any unit in the Condominium shall be entitled to receive written notification of every meeting of the members of the Association and to designate a representative to attend such meeting.

ARTICLE VII

VOTING

- Section 1. <u>Vote</u>. Except as limited in these By-Laws, each co-owner shall be entitled to one vote for each condominium unit owned.
- Section 2. Eligibility to Vote. No co-owner other than the Developer shall be entitled to vote at any meeting of the Association until he has presented evidence of ownership of a unit in the condominium project to the Association. Except as provided in ARticle XI, Section 2 of these By-Laws, no co-owner, other than the Developer, shall be entitled to vote prior to the date of the first annual meeting of members held in accordance with Section 2 of Article IX. The vote of each co-owner may be cast only by the individual representative designated by such co-owner in the notice required in Section 3 of this Article VII or by a proxy given by such individual representative. The Developer shall be the only person entitled to vote at a meeting of the Association until the first annual meeting of members and shall be entitled to vote during such period notwithstanding the fact that the Developer may own no units at some time or from time to time during such period. At and after the first annual meeting, the Developer shall be entitled to one vote for each unit which it owns.
- Section 3. <u>Designation of Voting Representative</u>. Each co-owner shall file a written notice with the Association designating the individual representative who shall vote at meetings of the Association and receive all notices and other communications from the Association on behalf of such co-owner. Such notice shall state the name and address of the individual representative designated, the number or numbers of the condominium unit or units owned by the co-owner, and the name and address of each person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, trust, or other entity who is the co-owner. Such notice shall be signed and dated by the co-owner. The individual representative designated may be changed by the co-owner at any time by filing a new notice in the manner herein provided.
- Section 4. Quorum. The presence in person or by proxy of 50% of the co-owners qualified to vote shall constitute a quorum for holding a meeting of the members of the Association, except for voting on questions specifically required by the Condominium documents to require a greater quorum. The written vote of any person furnished at or prior to any duly called meeting at which meeting said person is not otherwise present in person or by proxy shall be counted in determining the presence of a quorum with respect to the question upon which the vote is cast.
- Section 5. <u>Voting</u>. Votes may be case only in person or by a writing duly signed by the designated voting representative not present at a given meeting in person or by proxy. Proxies and any written votes must be filed with the Secretary of the Association at or before the appointed time of each meeting of the members of the Association. Cumulative voting shall not be permitted.
- Section 6. <u>Majority</u>. A majority, except where otherwise provided herein, shall consist of more than 50% of those qualified to vote and present in person or by proxy (or written vote, if applicable) at a given meeting of the members of the Association. Whenever provided specifically herein, a majority may be required to exceed the simple majority hereinabove set forth of designated voting representatives present in person or by proxy, or by written vote, if applicable, at a given meeting of the members of the Association.

ARTICLE VIII

MEETINGS

Section 1. Place of Meeting. Meetings of the Association shall be held at the principal office of the Association or at such other suitable place convenient to the co-owners as may be designated by the Board of Directors. Meetings of the Association shall be conducted in accordance with Sturgis' Code of Parliamentary Procedure, Roberts Rules of Order or some other generally recognized manual of parliamentary procedure when not otherwise in conflict with the Condominium documents or the laws of the State of Michigan.

Section 2. First Annual Meeting. The first annual meeting of members of the Association may be convened only by the Developer and may be called at any time after more than fifty percent (50%) of the units in Whispering Pines Condominium have been sold and constructed, and the purchasers thereof qualified as members of the Association. In no event, however, shall such meeting be called later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the conveyance of legal or equitable title to nondeveloper coomers of seventy-five percent (75%) in number of all units that may be created or fifty-four (54) months after the first conveyance of legal or equitable title to a nondeveloper co-owner of a unit in the project, whichever first occurs. The Developer may call meetings of members for informative or other appropriate purposes prior to the first annual meeting of members and no such meeting shall be construed as the first annual meeting of members. The date, time and place of such meeting shall be set by the Board of Directors, and at least ten (10) days' written notice thereof shall be given to each co-owner. The phrase "units that may be created" as used in this paragraph and elsewhere in the Condominium documents refers to the maximum number of units which the Developer is permitted under the Condominium documents to include in the Condominium.

Section 3. Annual Meetings. Annual meetings of members of the Association shall be held in the month of April of each succeeding year after the year in which the first annual meeting is held, on such date and at such time and place as shall be determined by the Board of Directors; provided, however, that the second annual meeting shall not be held sooner than eight months after the date of the first annual meeting. At such meetings there shall be elected by ballot of the co-owners a Board of Directors in accordance with the requirements of Article XI of these By-Laws. The co-owners may also transact at annual meetings such other business of the Association as may properly come before them.

Section 4. Special Meetings. It shall be the duty of the President to call a special meeting of the co-owners as directed by resolution of the Board of Directors or upon a petition signed by one-third (1/3) of the co-owners presented to the Secretary of the Association. Notice of any special meeting shall state the time and place of such meeting and the purposes thereof. No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except as stated in the notice.

Section 5. Notice of Meetings. It shall be the duty of the Secretary (or other Association office in the Secretary's absence) to serve a notice of each annual or special meeting, stating the purposes thereof as well as the time and place where it is to be held, upon each co-owner of record at least ten (10) days but not more than sixty (60) days prior to such meeting. The mailing, postage prepaid, of a notice to the representative of each co-owner at the address shown in the notice required to be filed with the Association by Article VII, Section 3 of these By-Laws shall be deemed notice served. Any member may, by written waiver of notice signed by such member, waive such notice, and such waiver, when filed in the records of the Association, shall be deemed due notice.

V Section 6. <u>Adjournment</u>. If any meeting of co-owners cannot be held because a quorum is not in attendance, the co-owners who are present may adjourn the meeting to a time not less than forty-eight (48) hours from the time the original meeting was called.

Section 7. Order of Business. The order of business at all meetings of the members shall be as follows: (a) roll call to determine the voting power represented at the meeting; (b) proof of notice of meeting or waiver of notice; (c) reading of minutes of preceding meeting; (d) reports of officers; (e) reports of committees; (f) appointment of inspectors of election (at annual meetings or special meetings held for the purpose of electing Directors or officers); (g) election of Directors (at annual meeting or special meetings held for such purpose); (h) unfinished business; and (i) new business. Meetings of members shall be chaired by the most senior officer of the Association present at such meeting. For purposes of this Section, the order of seniority of officers shall be President, Vice President, Secretary, and Treasurer.

ARTICLE VIII

MEETINGS

(continued)

Section 8. Action Without Meeting. Any action which may be taken at a meeting of the members (except for the election or removal of Directors) may be taken without a meeting by written ballot of the members. Ballots shall be solicited in the same manner as provided in Section 5 for the giving of notice of meetings of members. Such solicitations shall specify (a) the number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirements; (b) the percentage of approvals necessary to approve the action; and (c) the time by which the ballots must be received in order to be counted. The form of written ballot shall afford an opportunity to specify a choice between approval and disapproval of each matter and shall provide that, where the member specifies a choice, the vote shall be cast in accordance therewith. Approval by written ballot shall be constituted by receipt, within the time period specified in the solicitation, of (i) a number of ballots which equals or exceeds the quorum which would be required if the action were taken at a meeting; and (ii) a number of approvals which equals or exceeds the number of votes which would be required for approval if the action were taken at a meeting at which the total number of votes cast was the same as the total number of ballots cast.

Section 9. <u>Consent of Absentees</u>. The transactions at any meeting of members, either annual or special, however, called and noticed, shall be as valid as though made at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice if a quorum is present either in person or by proxy and if, either before or after the meeting, each of the members not present in person or by proxy signs a written waiver of notice or a consent to the holding of such meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof. All such waivers, consents or approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

Section 10. <u>Minutes, Presumption of Notice</u>. Minutes or a similar record of the proceedings of meetings of members, when signed by the President or the Secretary, shall be presumed truthfully to evidence the matters set forth therein. A recitation in the minutes of any such meetings that notice of the meeting was properly given shall be prima facie evidence that such notice was given.

ARTICLE IX

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Within one (1) year after conveyance of legal or equitable title to the first unit in the Condominium to a purchaser or within one hundred twenty (120) days after conveyance to purchasers of one-third (1/3) of the total number of units that may be created, whichever first occurs, the Developer shall cause to be established an Advisory Committee consisting of at least two (2) nondeveloper co-owners. The Advisory Committee shall be established and perpetuated in any manner the Developer deems advisable, except that if more than fifty percent (50%) of the nondeveloper co-owners petition the Board of Directors for an election to select the Advisory Committee, then an election for such purpose shall be held. The purpose of the Advisory Committee shall be to facilitate communications between the temporary Board of Directors and the nondeveloper co-owners and to aid in the transition of control of the Association from the Developer to the other co-owners. The Advisory Committee shall cease to exist automatically when the nondeveloper co-owners have the voting strength to elect a majority of the Board of Directors of the Association. The Developer may remove and replace, at its discretion and at any time, any member of the Advisory Committee who has not been elected thereto by the co-owners.

ARTICLE X

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. Number and Qualification of Directors. The first Board of Directors designated in the Articles of Incorporation shall be composed of three (3) persons, and such first Board of Directors shall manager the affairs of the Association until a successor Board of Directors is elected at the first annual meeting of members of the Association convened at the time required by Article IX, Section 2 of these By-Laws. The members of the Board of Directors must be members of the Association or officers, partners, trustees, employees, or agents of members of the Association. Directors shall serve without compensation.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(continued)

Section 2. Election of Directors.

- (a) <u>First Board of Directors</u>. The first Board of Directors, or its successors as selected by the Developer, shall manage the affairs of the Association until the appointment of the first nondeveloper co-owner to the Board. Elections for nondeveloper co-owner Directors shall be held as provided in subsections (b) and (c) below.
- Meeting. Not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after conveyance of legal or equitable title to nondeveloper co-owners or twenty-five percent (25%) in number of the units that may be created, one (1) out of the three (3) Directors shall be selected by nondeveloper co-owners. When the required percentage of conveyances has been reached, the Developer shall notify the nondeveloper co-owners and request that they hold a meeting and elect the required Director. Upon certification to the Developer by the co-owners of the Director so elected, the Developer shall then immediately appoint such Director to the Board to serve until the first annual meeting of members unless he is removed pursuant to Section 7 of this Article or he resigns or becomes incapacitated.
 - (c) Election of Directors At and After First Annual Meeting.
 - (1) Not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after conveyance of legal or equitable title to nondeveloper co-owners of seventy-five percent (75%) in number of the units that may be created, the nondeveloper co-owners shall elect all directors on the Board, except that the Developer shall have the right to designate at least one Director as long as the units that remain to be created and sole equal at least ten percent (10%) of all units that may be created in the project. When the seventy-five percent (75%) conveyance level is achieved, a meeting of co-owners shall be promptly convened to effectuate this provision even if the first annual meeting has already occurred.
 - (2) Regardless of the percentage of units which have been conveyed, upon the expiration of fifty-four (54) months after the first conveyance of legal or equitable title to a nondeveloper co-owner of a unit in the project, the nondeveloper co-owners have the right to elect a number of members of the Board of Directors equal to the percentage of units they own, and the Developer has the right to elect a number of members of the Board of Directors equal to the percentage of units which are owned by the Developer and for which all assessments are payable by the Developer. This election may increase, but shall not reduce, the minimum election and designation rights otherwise established in subsection (1). Application of this subsection does not require a change in the size of the Board of Directors.
 - (3) If the calculation of the percentage of members of the Board of Directors that the nondeveloper co-owners have the right to elect under subsection (2) or if the product of the number of members of the Board of Directors multiplied by the percentage of units held by the nondeveloper co-owners under subsection (b) results in a right of nondeveloper co-owners to elect a fractional number of members of the Board of Directors, then a fractional election right of 0.5 or greater shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number, which number shall be the number of members of the Board of Directors that the nondeveloper co-owners have the right to elect. After application of this formula, the Developer shall have the right to elect the remaining members of the Board of Directors. Application of this subsection shall not eliminate the right of the Developer to designate one director as provided in subsection (1).
 - (4) At the first annual meeting of members, two Directors shall be elected for a term of two years and one Director shall be elected for a term of one year. At such meeting, all nominees shall stand for election as one slate, and the two persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected for a term of two years and the one person receiving the next highest number of votes shall be elected for a term of one year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(continued)

(4) continued

At each annual meeting held thereafter, either one or two Directors shall be elected, depending upon the number of Directors whose terms expire. After the first annual meeting, the term of office (except for the one Director elected for one year at the first annual meeting) of each Director shall be two years. The Directors shall hold office until their successors have been elected and hold their first meeting.

Section 3. <u>Powers and Duties</u>. The Board of Directors shall have the powers and duties necessary for the administration of the affairs of the Association and may do all acts and things as are not prohibited by the Condominium documents or required thereby to be exercised and done by the co-owners.

Section 4. Other Duties. In addition to the foregoing duties imposed by these By-Laws or any further duties which may be imposed by resolution of the members of the Association, the Board of Directors shall be responsible specifically for the following:

- (a) To manage and administer the affairs of and to maintain the condominium project and the common elements thereof.
- (b) To levy, collect and disburse assessments against and from the members of the Association and to use the proceeds thereof for the purposes of the Association, and to impose late charges for nonpayment of said assessments.
 - (c) To carry insurance and collect and allocate the proceeds thereof.
- (d) To rebuild improvements to the common elements after casualty, subject to all of the other applicable provisions of the Condominium documents.
- (e) To contract for and employ persons, firms, corporations, or other agents to assist in the management, operation, maintenance, and administration of the condominium project.
- (f) To acquire, maintain and improve, and to buy, operate, manage, sell, convey, assign, mortgage, or lease any real or personal property (including any unit in the Condominium and easements, rights-of-way and licenses) on behalf of the Association in furtherance of any of the purposes of the Association.
- (g) To borrow money and issue evidences of indebtedness in furtherance of any or all of the purposes of the Association, and to secure the same by mortgage, pledge or other lien on property owned by the Association; provided, however, that any such action shall also be approved by affirmative vote of seventy-five percent (75%) of all of the members of the Association.
- (h) To make rules and regulations in accordance with Article XXI, Section $10\ \text{of these}$ By-Laws.
- (i) To establish such committees as it deems necessary, convenient or desirable and to appoint persons thereto for the purpose of implementing the administration of the Condominium, and to delegate to such committees any functions or responsibilities which are not by law or the Condominium documents required to be performed by the Board.
- (j) To make rules and regulations and/or to enter into agreements with institutional lenders the purposes of which are to enable unit co-owners to obtain mortgage loans which are acceptable for purchase by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, and/or any other agency of the Federal Government or the State of Michigan.
- (k) To levy, collect and disburse fines against and from the members of the Association after notice and hearing thereon and to use the proceeds thereof for the purposes of the Association.
- (1) To assert, defend or settle claims on behalf of all co-owners in connection with the common elements of the condominium project. The Board shall provide at least a ten (10) day written notice to all co-owners on actions proposed by the Board with regard thereto.
 - (m) To enforce the provisions of the Condominium documents.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(continued)

Section 5. Management Agent. The Board of Directors may employ a professional management agent for the Association (which may be the Developer or any person or entity related thereto) at reasonable compensation established by the Board to perform such duties and services as the Board shall authorize, including, but not limited to, the duties listed in Sections 3 and 4 of this Article, and the Board may delegate to such management agent any other duties or powers which are not by law or by the Condominium documents required to be performed by or have the approval of the Board of Directors or the members of the Association. In no event shall the Board be authorized to enter into any contract with a professional management agent, or any other contract providing for services by the Developer, sponsor or builder, in which the maximum term is greater than one (1) year or which is not terminable by the Association upon sixty (60) days' written notice thereof to the other party, and no such contract shall violate the provisions of Section 55 of the Act.

Section 6. <u>Vacancies</u>. Vacancies in the Board of Directors which occur after the transitional control date caused by any reason other than the removal of a Director by a vote of the members of the Association shall be filled by vote of the majority of the remaining Directors, even though they may constitute less than a quorum, except that the Developer shall be solely entitled to fill the vacancy of any Director whom it is permitted in the first instance to designate. Each person so elected shall be a Director until a successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the members of the Association. Vacancies among nondeveloper co-owner elected Directors which occur prior to the transitional control date may be filled only through election by nondeveloper co-owners and shall be filled in the manner specified in Section 2(b) of this Article.

Section 7. Removal. At any regular or special meeting of the Association duly called with due notice of the removal action proposed to be taken, any one or more of the Directors may be removed with or without cause by the affirmative vote of more than fifty percent (50%) in number and in value of all of the co-owners and a successor may then and there be elected to fill any vacancy thus created. The quorum requirement for the purpose of filling such vacancy shall be the normal thirty percent (30%) requirement set forth in Article VII, Section 4. Any Director whose removal has been proposed by the co-owners shall be given an opportunity to be heard at the meeting. The Developer may remove and replace any or all of the Directors selected by it at any time or from time to time in its sole discretion. Likewise, any Director selected by the nondeveloper co-owners to serve before the first annual meeting may be removed before the first annual meeting in the same manner set forth in this paragraph for removal of Directors generally.

Section 8. <u>First Meeting</u>. The first meeting of a newly elected Board of Directors shall be held within ten (10) days of election at such place as shall be fixed by the Directors at the meeting at which such Directors were elected, and no notice shall be necessary to the newly elected Directors in order legally to constitute such meeting, providing a majority of the whole Board shall be present.

Section 9. Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at such times and places as shall be determined from time to time by a majority of the Directors, but at least two (2) such meetings shall be held during each fiscal year. Notice of regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be given to each Director personally, by mail, telephone or telegraph, at least ten (10) days prior to the date named for such meeting.

Section 10. <u>Special Meetings</u>. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the President on three (3) days' notice to each Director given personally, by mail, telephone or telegraph, which notice shall state the time, place and purpose of the meeting. Special meetings of the Board of Directors shall be called by the President or Secretary in like manner and on like notice on the written request of two (2) Directors.

Section 11. <u>Waiver of Notice</u>. Before or at any meeting of the Board of Directors, any Director may, in writing, waive notice of such meeting and such waiver shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. Attendance by a Director at any meetings of the Board shall be deemed a waiver of notice by him of the time and place thereof. If all the Directors are present at any meeting of the Board, no notice shall be required and any business may be transacted at such meeting.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(continued)

Section 12. Quorum. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of the Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the acts of the majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the acts of the Board of Directors. If, at any meeting of the Board of Directors, less than a quorum is present, the majority of those present may adjourn the meeting to a subsequent time upon twenty-four (24) hours' prior written notice delivered to all Directors not present. At any such adjourned meeting, any business which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally called may be transacted without further notice. The joinder of a Director in the action of a meeting by signing and concurring in the minutes thereof shall constitute the presence of such Director for purposes of determining a quorum.

- Section 13. <u>First Board of Directors</u>. The actions of the first Board of Directors of the Association or any successors thereto selected or elected before the transitional control date shall be binding upon the Association so long as such actions are within the scope of the powers and duties which may be exercised generally by the Board of Directors as provided in the Condominium documents.
- U Section 14. <u>Fidelity Bonds</u>. The Board of Directors shall require that all officers and employees of the Association handling or responsible for the funds of the Association furnish adequate fidelity bonds. The premiums on such bonds shall be expenses of administration.

ARTICLE XI

OFFICERS

- Section 1. <u>Officers</u>. The principal officers of the Association shall be a President, who shall be a member of the Board of Directors, a Vice President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer. The Directors may appoint an Assistant Treasurer and an Assistant Secretary and such other officers as in their judgment may be necessary. Any two offices except that of President and Vice President may be held by one person.
 - (a) <u>President</u>. The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Association. He shall preside at all meetings of the Association and the Board of Directors. He shall have all of the general powers and duties which ar usually vested in the office of the President of an association, including, but not limited to, the power to appoint committees from among the members of the Association from time to time as he may in his discretion deem appropriate to assist in the conduct of the affairs of the Association.
 - (b) <u>Vice President</u>. The Vice President shall take the place of the President and perform his duties whenever the President shall be absent or unable to act. If neither the President nor the Vice President is able to act, the Board of Directors shall appoint some other member of the Board to so do on an interim basis. The Vice President shall also perform such other duties as shall from time to time be imposed upon him by the Board of Directors.
 - (c) <u>Secretary</u>. The Secretary shall keep the minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors and the minutes of all meetings of the members of the Association; he shall have charge of the corporate seal, if any, and of such books and papers as the Board of Directors may direct; and he shall, in general perform all duties incident to the office of the Secretary.
 - (d) <u>Treasurer</u>. The Treasurer shall have responsibility for the Association's funds and securities and shall be responsible for keeping full and accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Association. He shall be responsible for the deposit of all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Association, and in such depositories as may, from time to time, be designated by the Board of Directors.
- Section 2. <u>Election</u>. The officers of the Association shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors at the organizational meeting of each new Board and shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board.

OFFICERS (continued)

Section 3. <u>Removal</u>. Upon affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Board of Directors, any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, and his successor elected, at any regular meeting of the Board of Directors or at any special meeting of the Board called for such purpose. No such removal action may be taken, however, unless the matter shall have been included in the notice of such meeting. The officer who is proposed to be removed shall be given an opportunity to be heard at the meeting.

Section 4. <u>Duties</u>. The officers shall have such other duties, powers and responsibilities as shall, from time to time, be authorized by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE XII

SEAL

The Association may (but need not) have a seal. If the Board determines that the Association shall have a seal, then it shall have inscribed thereon the name of the Association and the words "corporate seal", and "Michigan".

ARTICLE XIII

FINANCE

The Association shall keep detailed books of account Section 1. Records. showing all expenditures and receipts of administration and which shall specify the maintenance and repair expenses of the common elements and any other expenses incurred by or on behalf of the Association and the co-owners. Such accounts and all other Association records shall be open for inspection by the co-owners and their mortgagees during reasonable working hours. The Association shall prepare and distribute to each co-owner at least once a year a financial statement, the contents of which shall be defined by the Association. The books of account shall be audited at least annually by qualified independent auditors; provided, however, that such auditors need not be certified public accountants nor that such audit be a certified audit. institutional holder of a first mortgage lien on any unit in the Condominium shall be entitled to receive a copy of such annual audited financial statement within ninety (90) days following the end of the Association's fiscal year upon request therefor. The costs of any such audit and any accounting expenses shall be expenses of administration.

Section 2. <u>Fiscal Year</u>. The fiscal year of the Association shall be an annual period commencing on such date as may be initially determined by the Directors. The commencement date of the fiscal year shall be subject to change by the Directors for accounting reasons or other good cause.

Section 3. <u>Bank</u>. Funds of the Association shall be initially deposited in such bank or savings association as may be designated by the Directors and shall be withdrawn only upon the check or order of such officers, employees or agents as are designated by resolution of the Board of Directors from time to time. The funds may be invested from time to time in accounts or deposit certificates of such bank or savings association as are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation and may also be invested in interest bearing obligations of the United States Government.

ARTICLE XIV

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Every Director and officer of the Association shall be indemnified by the Association against all expenses and liabilities, including counsel fees, reasonably incurred by or imposed upon him in connection with any proceedings to which he may be a party or in which he may become involved by reason of his being or having been a Director of officer of the Association, whether or not he is a Director or wherein the Director or officer is adjudged guilty of willful or wanton misconduct or gross negligence in the performance of his duties; provided that, in the event of any claim for reimbursement or indemnification hereunder based upon a settlement by the Director or effacer seeking such reimbursement or indemnification, the indemnification herein shall apply only if the Board of Directors (with the Director seeking reimbursement abstaining) approves such settlement and reimbursement as being in the best interest of the Association. The foregoing right of indemnification shall be in addition to and not exclusive of all other rights to which such Director or officer may be entitled. At least ten (10) days prior to payment of any indemnification which it has approved, the Board of Directors shall notify all co-owners thereof. Further, the Board of Directors is authorized to carry officers' and directors' liability insurance covering acts of the officers and Director of the Association in such amounts as it shall deem appropriate.

AMENDMENTS

Section 1. <u>Proposal</u>. Amendments to these By-Laws may be proposed by the Board of Directors of the Association acting upon the vote of the majority of the Directors or may be proposed by one-third (1/3) or more of the co-owners by instrument in writing signed by them.

Section 2. <u>Meeting</u>. Upon any such amendment being proposed, a meeting for consideration of the same shall be duly called in accordance with the provisions of these By-Laws.

Section 3. <u>Voting</u>. These By-Laws may be amended by the co-owners at any regular annual meeting or a special meeting called for such purpose by an affirmative vote of not less than sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of all co-owners. No consent of mortgagees shall be required to amend these By-Laws unless such amendment would materially alter or change the rights of such mortgagees, in which event the approval of sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66-2/3%) of the mortgagees shall be required, with each mortgagee to have one vote for each mortgage held.

Section 4. By Developer. Pursuant to Section 90(1) of the Act, the Developer hereby reserves the right, on behalf of itself and on behalf of the Association, to amend these By-Laws without approval of any co-owner or mortgagee unless the amendment would materially alter or change the rights of a co-owner or mortgagee, in which event co-owner and mortgagee consent shall be required as provided in Section 3 above.

Section 5. <u>When Effective</u>. Any amendment to these By-Laws shall become effective upon the recording of such amendment in the office of the Livingston County Register of Deeds.

Section 6. <u>Binding</u>. A copy of each amendment to the By-Laws shall be furnished to every member of the Association after adoption; provided, however, that any amendment to these By-Laws that is adopted in accordance with this Article shall be binding upon all persons who have an interest in the project irrespective of whether such persons actually receive a copy of the amendment.

ARTICLE XVI

COMPLIANCE

The Association and all present or future co-owners, tenants or any other persons acquiring an interest in or using the project in any manner are subject to and shall comply with the Act, as amended, and the mere acquisition, occupancy or rental of any unit or an interest therein or the utilization of or entry upon the condominium premises shall signify that the Condominium documents are accepted and ratified. In the event the Condominium documents conflict with the provisions of the Act, the Act shall govern.

ARTICLE XVII

DEFINITIONS

All terms used herein shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Master Deed to which these By-Laws are attached as an Exhibit or as set forth in the Act.

ARTICLE XVIII

REMEDIES FOR DEFAULT

Any default by a co-owner shall entitle the Association or another co-owner or co-owners to the following relief:

Section 1. <u>Legal Action</u>. Failure to comply with any of the terms or provisions of the Condominium documents shall be grounds for relief, which may include, without intending to limit the same, an action to recover sums due for damages, injunctive relief, foreclosure of lien (if default in payment of assessment) or any combination thereof, and such relief may be sought by the Association or, if appropriate, by an aggrieved co-owner or co-owners.

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REMEDIES FOR DEFAULT

(continued)

Section 2. Recovery of Costs. In any proceeding arising because of an alleged default by a co-owner, the Association, if successful, shall be entitled to recover the costs of the proceeding and such reasonable attorney's fees (not limited to statutory fees) as may be determined by the court, but in no event shall any co-owner be entitled to recover such attorney's fees.

Section 3. Removal and Abatement. The violation of any of the provisions of the Condominium documents shall also give the Association or its duly authorized agents the right, in addition to the rights set forth above, to enter upon the common elements or into any unit when reasonably necessary and summarily remove and abate, at the expense of the co-owner in violation, any structure, thing or condition existing or maintained contrary to the provisions of the Condominium documents. The Association shall have no liability to any co-owner arising out of the exercise of its removal and abatement power authorized herein.

Section 4. Assessment of Fines. The violation of any of the provisions of the Condominium documents by any co-owner shall be grounds for assessment by the Association, acting through its duly constituted Board of Directors, of monetary fines for such violations. No fine may be assessed unless rules and regulations establishing such fines have first been duly adopted by the Board of Directors of the Association and notice thereof given to all co-owners in the same manner as prescribed in Article VIII, Section 5 of these By-Laws. Thereafter, fines may be assessed only upon notice of the offending co-owners as prescribed in said Article VII, Section 5, and after an opportunity for such co-owner to appear before the Board no less than seven (7) days from the date of the notice and offer evidence in defense of the alleged violation. All fines duly assessed may be collected in the same manner as provided in Article II of these By-Laws. No fine shall be levied for the first violation. No fine shall exceed Twenty-Five Dollars (\$25.00) for the second violation, Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) for the third violation, or One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) for any subsequent violation.

Section 5. Non-Waiver of Right. The failure of the Association or of any coowner to enforce any right, provision, covenant, or condition which may be granted by the Condominium documents shall not constitute a waiver of the right of the Association or of any such co-owner to enforce such right, provision, covenant, or condition in the future.

Section 6. <u>Cumulative Rights, Remedies and Privileges</u>. All rights, remedies and privileges granted to the Association or any co-owner or co-owners pursuant to any terms, provisions, covenants, or conditions of the aforesaid Condominium documents shall be deemed to be cumulative, and the exercise of any one or more shall not be deemed to constitute an election of remedies nor shall it preclude the part thus exercising the same from exercising such other additional rights, remedies or privileges as may be available to such party at law or in equity.

Section 7. Enforcement of Provisions of Condominium Documents,. A co-owner may maintain an action against the Association and its officers and Directors to compel such persons to enforce the terms and provisions of the Condominium documents. A co-owner may maintain an action against any other co-owner for injunctive relief or for damages or any combination thereof for noncompliance with the terms and provisions of the Condominium documents or the Act.

ARTICLE XIX

RIGHTS RESERVED TO DEVELOPER

Any or all of the rights and powers granted or reserved to the Developer in the Condominium documents or by law, including the right and power to approve or disapprove any act, use or proposed action or any other matter or thing, may be assigned by it to any other entity or to the Association. Any such assignment or transfer shall be made by appropriate instrument in writing in which the assignee or transferee shall join for the purpose of evidencing its acceptance of such powers and rights, and such assignee or transferee shall thereupon have the same rights and power as herein given and reserved to the Developer. Any rights and powers reserved by or granted to the Developer or its successors shall terminate, if not sooner assigned to the Association, at the conclusion of the construction and sales period as defined in paragraph FIRST of the Master Deed. The immediately preceding sentence dealing with the termination of certain rights and powers granted or reserved to the Developer is intended to apply, insofar as the Developer is concerned, only to the Developer's rights to approve and control the administration of the Condominium and shall not, under any circumstances, be construed to apply to or cause the termination and expiration of any real property rights granted or reserved to the Developer or its successors and assigns in the Master Deed or elsewhere.

SEVERABILITY

In the event that any of the terms, provisions or covenants of these By-Laws or the Condominium documents are held to be partially or wholly invalid or unenforceable for any reason whatsoever, such holding shall not affect, alter, modify, or impair in any manner whatsoever any of the other terms, provisions or covenants of such Condominium documents or the remaining portions of any terms, provisions or covenants held to be partially invalid or unenforceable.